Non-viral in vivo mRNA transfection for cancer research, vaccination or gene therapy



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Abstract

A major challenge to the use of nucleic acids in both Vaccination and Gene therapy is its efficient in vivo delivery to the targeted cells or site of action. Delivery of mRNA in vivo is even more challenging, because mRNA is less stable, and can elicit an immune response. Therefore, we developed a non-viral delivery reagent that efficiently encapsulates mRNA to i) protect mRNA from degradation and ii) prevent triggering of an unwanted immune response. Here we demonstrate that our cationic reagent can be used to directly inject mRNA via local and systemic administration routes to efficiently reach a wide range of tissues (including spleen and lymph nodes). Furthermore, the transient nature of mRNA transfection can be beneficial for a number of other applications, including cellular reprogramming, genome editing (CRISPR/Cas9) and vaccines.

Chemical modifications of mRNA improve gene expression



Biodistribution of mRNA/in vivo-jetRNA® complexes

Intravenous injection





mRNA encoding Luciferase injected into mice using *in vivo*-jetRNA[®] through retro-orbital injection. Complexes were formed using 10 µg of mRNA and 10 µL of *in vivo*-jetRNA[®] (ratio mRNA/*in vivo*-jetRNA[®] of 1:1 - µg_{mRNA}:µL_{reagent}) in mRNA Buffer. Luciferase expression was assessed 24 h post-injection.

Protocol optimization

Determination of the optimal mRNA amount



Different amounts of mRNA encoding Luciferase were injected into mice using in vivo-jetRNA® through retro-orbital administration route. Complexes were formed using different quantities of mRNA with a mRNA/in vivo-jetRNA® ratio of 1:1 (µg_{mRNA}:µL_{reagent}) in mRNA Buffer. Luciferase expression was assessed 24 h post-injection.



Intraperitoneal injection



in vivo Bioluminescence signal of Luciferase expression



in vivo Bioluminescence signal of Luciferase expression



in vivo Bioluminescence signal of Luciferase expression in vivo Cy7 fluorescence signal

20µg ■ 10µg ■ 1µg

Determination of the optimal volume of *in vivo*-jetRNA®



Ratio mRNA / in vivo-jetRNA[®] (µg_{mRNA}:µL_{reagent})

mRNA encoding Luciferase was administered into mice using in vivo-jetRNA® through intravenous injection (retro orbital injection). Complexes were formed using 20 µg of mRNA and different volume of *in vivo*-jetRNA[®]. Luciferase expression was assessed 24 h post-injection.

Easy and fast protocol

Cy7 labeled mRNA encoding for Luciferase was injected into mice using in vivo-jetRNA® through different administration routes. Complexes were formed with a mRNA/in vivo-jetRNA[®] ratio of 1:1 (μg_{mRNA}:μL_{reagent}) in mRNA Buffer using either 2.5 μg, 10 μg or 20 μg of mRNA for respectively intramuscular, intravenous or intraperitoneal injections. Fluorescence signals were observed with Bioluminescence imaging using IVIS system (*PerkinElmer*) for both Cy7 (on the left) and Luciferase (on the right)

Plateforme OPTIMAL, Imagerie optique du petit animal, INSERM U1209 – Université Grenoble Alpes

mRNA expression profile using *in vivo*-jetRNA®

mRNA delivery via intraperitoneal administration route



mRNA encoding Luciferase was injected into mice using in vivo-jetRNA® through intraperitoneal injection. Complexes were formed using 40 µg of mRNA with an mRNA/*in vivo*-jetRNA[®] ratio of 1:1 (µg_{mRNA}:µL_{reagent}) in mRNA Buffer. Luciferase expression was assessed 24 h post-injection.

Comparison of mRNA expression profiles using different administration routes

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Examples of delivery routes using in vivo-jetRNA[®] in mice



mRNA encoding Luciferase was injected into mice using *in vivo*-jetRNA® through different administration routes. Complexes were formed with an mRNA/*in vivo*-jetPEI ratio of 1:1 (μg_{mRNA}:μL_{reagent}) in mRNA Buffer using either 10 μg mRNA for intravenous injection (retro-orbital injection – RO or tail vein injection) or 20 µg mRNA for intraperitoneal (IP) injection. Luciferase expression was assessed 24 h post-injection.

Conclusion: advantages of in vivo-jetRNA®

Efficient: High gene expression with low amount of mRNA **Adaptable:** Suited for any injection route to target any organ **Time-saving:** Ready-to-use reagent with an easy protocol **Tailored:** Customized protocols from *in vivo* delivery expert

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